# **Enhancing State-Based Data with Federally-Available Data: Linking Massachusetts Hospital Discharge Data to ResDAC**

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## **Agenda**

- Background
- Methods
- Next Steps
- Questions & Answers

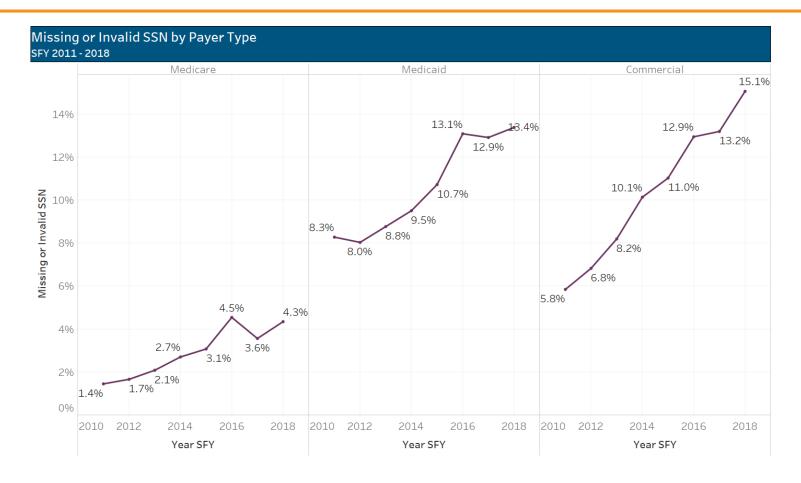


### **Background**

- State and local health data organizations have widely used state-specific hospital discharge records and available claims data to analyze and report on health system performance
- In Massachusetts, discharge summary records from inpatient, observation, and emergency department visits are used to measure key performance measures, such as hospital readmissions and revisits
- Limitations of discharge summary records:
  - Expected payer source(s) and potential miscoding
  - Determination of primary vs. secondary payer source(s)
  - Unreliable or incomplete charge information
  - Limited or no patient enrollment information



### **Background – Patient Identifier / Payer Issues**



Social Security Number is increasingly missing from acute care hospital discharge data.



### **Background – Patient Identifier / Payer Issues**

- Issues with linking patients by Social Security Number between Case Mix (acute care hospital data) and ResDAC:
  - 82% of patients with Medicare indicated as their payer (based on MA acute care hospital case mix data) matched a ResDAC Medicare beneficiary

**Note:** expected about 95+%

 59% of patients, aged 65+, who did not indicate Medicare as their payer (based on MA acute care hospital data) were actually found in the ResDAC Medicare data

Note: expected low %



## **Background – CHIA's Linkage Project**

 To address these challenges, the Massachusetts Center for Health Information and Analysis (CHIA) has undertaken a three-phase linkage process:

#### Phase 1: Complete

 Link patients within the Massachusetts Acute Hospital Case Mix Databases (Case Mix), including inpatient, observation, and emergency department data

#### **Phase 2: Near Completion\***

 Link Case Mix to the Massachusetts All Payer Claims Database (APCD)

#### Phase 3: Beginning Soon\*

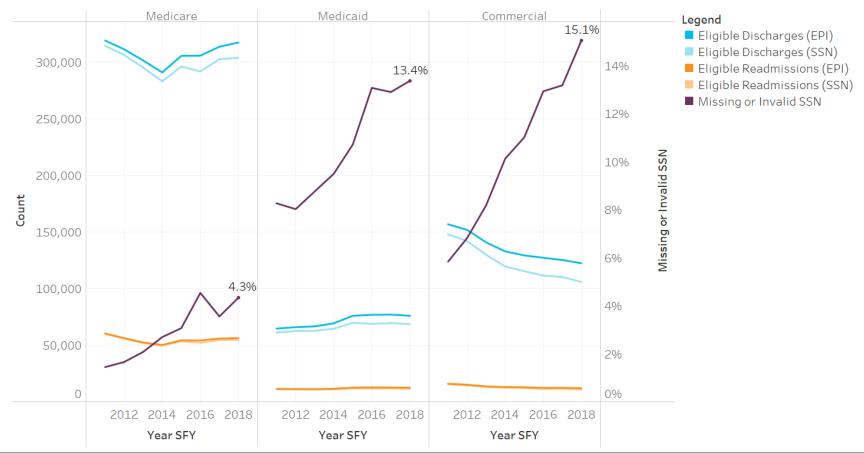
 Link the federally-available ResDAC data to the linked Case Mix-APCD data from Phase 2

\*Delayed due to COVID-19



### Background – CHIA's Linkage Project Phase 1

Trend in Discharges and Readmissions by Payer Type using EPI vs. SSN SFY 2011- 2018





### **Methods**

- Goal: To create a Master Patient Index (MPI) by linking individuals across data sources (Case Mix, APCD, and ResDAC) and across time.
- <u>Linking Fields:</u> Social Security Number, date of birth, gender, zip code, name and address (if available), and other internal patient IDs such as medical record number, health plan subscriber ID, beneficiary ID.

#### Steps:

- 1. Begin with the APCD-Case Mix MPI data.
- 2. Adapt the APCD-Case Mix probabilistic matching algorithm from Phase 2 by developing a new scoring matrix that satisfies all three data sources' requirements for linking individuals.
- 3. Add ResDAC Medicare Beneficiary Summary Data and run the algorithm to match patients across all three databases.



### **Methods – MPI Data Elements**

The combined MDM algorithm will use these elements from the Case Mix, APCD eligibility, and ResDAC data:

<b>Case Mix Elements</b>
Patient SSN
Patient Date of Birth
Patient Gender
Patient Zip Code
Patient Healthplan ID  (from membership card)
Patient First Name
Patient Last Name
Patient Address

APCD Elements
Member SSN
Member Date of Birth
Member Gender
Member Zip Code
Member Healthplan ID (Carrier-specific member ID)
Member First Name
Member Last Name

ResDAC Elements
Beneficiary SSN
Beneficiary Date of Birth
Beneficiary Gender
Beneficiary Zip Code
Beneficiary Healthplan ID (Beneficiary ID)



## Methods – Match Rules (1)

First, patients are matched deterministically within data sources:

Data Source	Match Description
Case Mix	Records with the same OrgID and Medical Record Number
APCD	Records with the same OrgID and Carrier-Specific Member ID (CSUMID)
ResDAC	Records with the same Beneficiary ID



# Methods – Match Rules (2)

Then, all other data elements are used to probabilistically match records:

Scenario	Description	
1	All elements agree.	
2	Any single element disagrees/is missing, all other elements agree.	
3	SSN and DOB agree, all other elements agree but any two elements (not NAME) disagree.	
4	DOB missing, all others agree but any one element (not SSN) disagrees.	
5	SSN and DOB are missing, all other elements agree.	
6	SSN, DOB, and HealthPlanID agree, all other elements are missing.	



# **Methods – Special Considerations**

#### Some insights we learned from Phase 2 Linkage:

Scenario	Description	Comments
1	Different First Names, DOB missing, all others match	Could be same gender twins were born, given mom's SSN, DOB missing
2	Different Last Names, SSN missing, all others match	Without SSN present can't tell if LN change is the same person
3	Different Last Names, SSN disagrees, all others match	If SSN disagrees, can't tell if LN change is the same person
4	Different First and Last Names, all others match	Two different names, same town, same gender, same DOB, SSN transposed
5	Different First and Last Names and addresses, all others match	Not enough to tell if same person, transposed SSN in a diff. location



### **Methods – Linkage Quality Checks**

- Count and percentage of hospitalizations that match between case mix and ResDAC
  - What percentage of demographic characteristics match?
  - Does the payer / dual eligibility status match across the data sources?
- Count and percentage of hospitalizations that do not match between case mix and ResDAC
  - What are the demographic and payer characteristics of those that don't match?
- Explore data issues for subgroups with low match rates



### **Next Steps**

- Start the implementation of the Phase 3 linkage process next month
- Use the linked database from Phase 3 to explore and produce more reliable and meaningful reporting on health system performance:
  - More accurate payer information
  - More accurate patient eligibility/enrollment information, including dualeligibility status
  - Better payment data for various services
  - Improve/refine CHIA's current reporting, such as annual reporting of hospital readmissions and revisits
  - More opportunity to produce additional and better reporting on health system performance and health care cost and trends



### **Questions?**



### **Contact Information**

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